Catalog # IGG-LY69



| Source |
|--------|
|--------|

HRP conjugated Anti-Human-IgG-Fc Antibody (6F11C8), mAb is a Mouse monoclonal antibody produced from a hybridoma created by fusing SP2/0 myeloma and Mouse B-lymphocytes.

| Clone | Lyophilized from 0 protectant. |
|--|---|
| 6F11C8 | Contact us for cust |
| Species | Reconstitution |
| Mouse | Please see Certifica |
| Isotype | For best performation |
| Mouse IgG1 Mouse Kappa | protocol provided i |
| Conjugate | Storage |
| HRP | For long term stora or lower. |
| Antibody Type | Please protect from |
| Hybridoma Monoclonal | This product is stab |
| Reactivity | -20°C to -70°C -70°C for 6 m |
| Human | • 2-8°C for 2-3 |
| Immunogen | |
| Human-IgG-Fc. | |
| Specificity | |
| This product is a specific antibody specifically reacts with Human-IgG-Fc. | |

Application

Application Recommended Usage

ELISA 0.7-200 ng/mL

Cross Verification

This product can react with Anti-Human IgG1/ IgG2/ IgG3/ IgG4 Antibody.

Purification

Protein A purified/ Protein G purified

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 μ m filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please protect from light and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 6 months after reconstitution;
- 2-8°C for 2-3 weeks under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

Bioactivity-ELISA

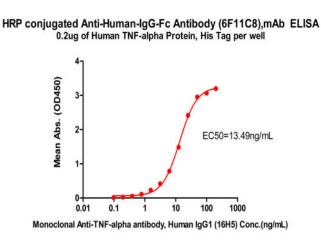


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9/24/2024



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Immobilized Human TNF-alpha Protein, His Tag (Cat. No. TNA-H5228) at 2 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Human Monoclonal Anti-TNF-alpha antibody, Human IgG1 (16H5) (Cat. No. TNA-AM494) when detected by HRP conjugated Anti-Human-IgG-Fc Antibody (6F11C8),mAb (Cat. No. IGG-LY69) dilute at 1:10000 (0.0842 μ g/ml) (QC tested).

Background

Immunoglobulins can be divided into five main classes/isotypes which are IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG, and IgM. IgG class identity is determined by class-specific sequences in the Fc region of the heavy chain. IgG antibody class are the most abundant immunoglobulins isotype in blood, lymph fluid, cerebrospinal fluid and peritoneal fluid. IgGs include four subclasses (IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, and IgG4). The IgG subclasses differ in their physical and chemical properties. Their distribution pattern is found to be age dependent and every subclass has a specific biological function.

Clinical and Translational Updates



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